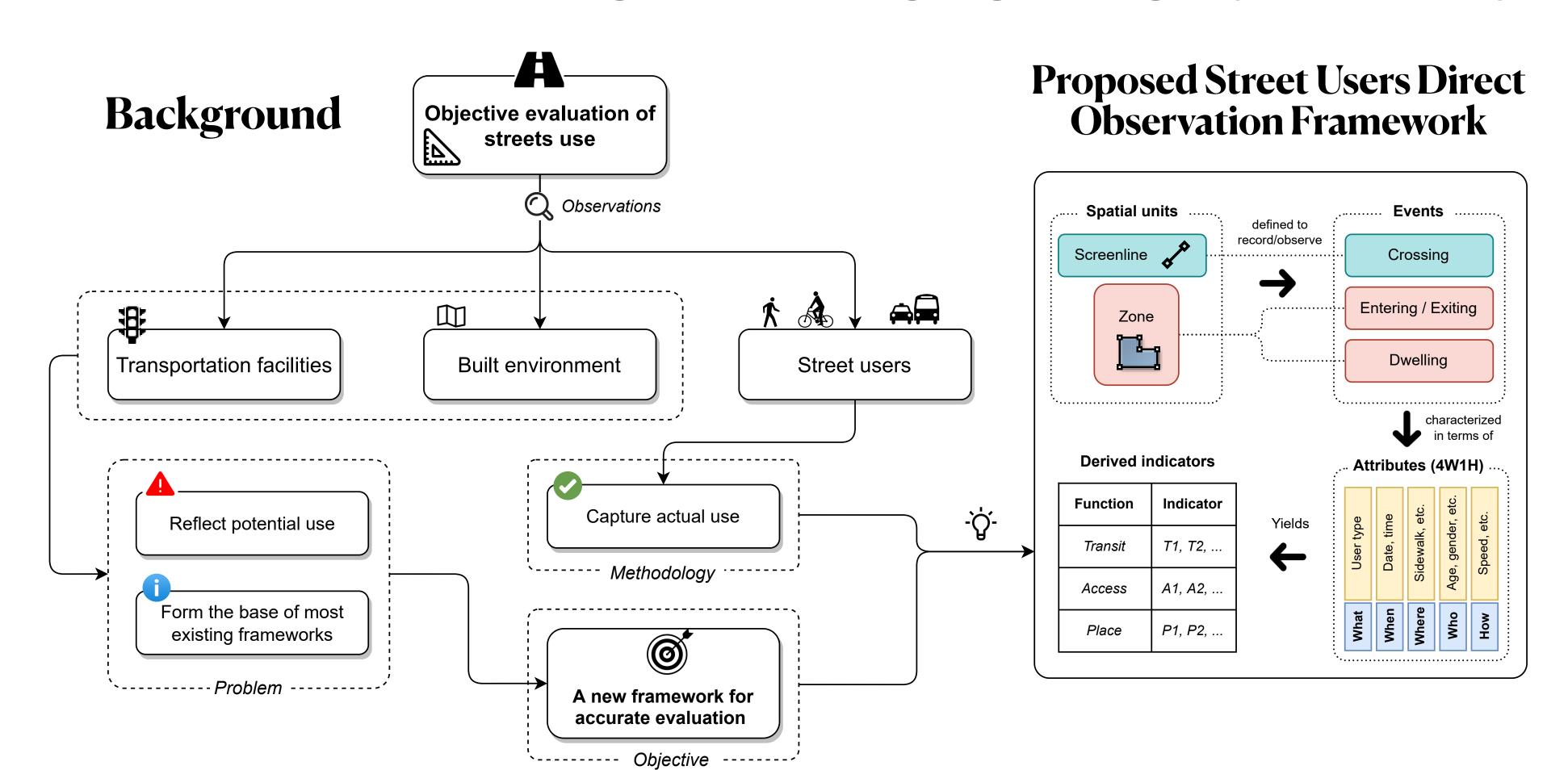


Street Functions and Road Safety:



A Case Study of Speed Bumps in Montreal, Canada

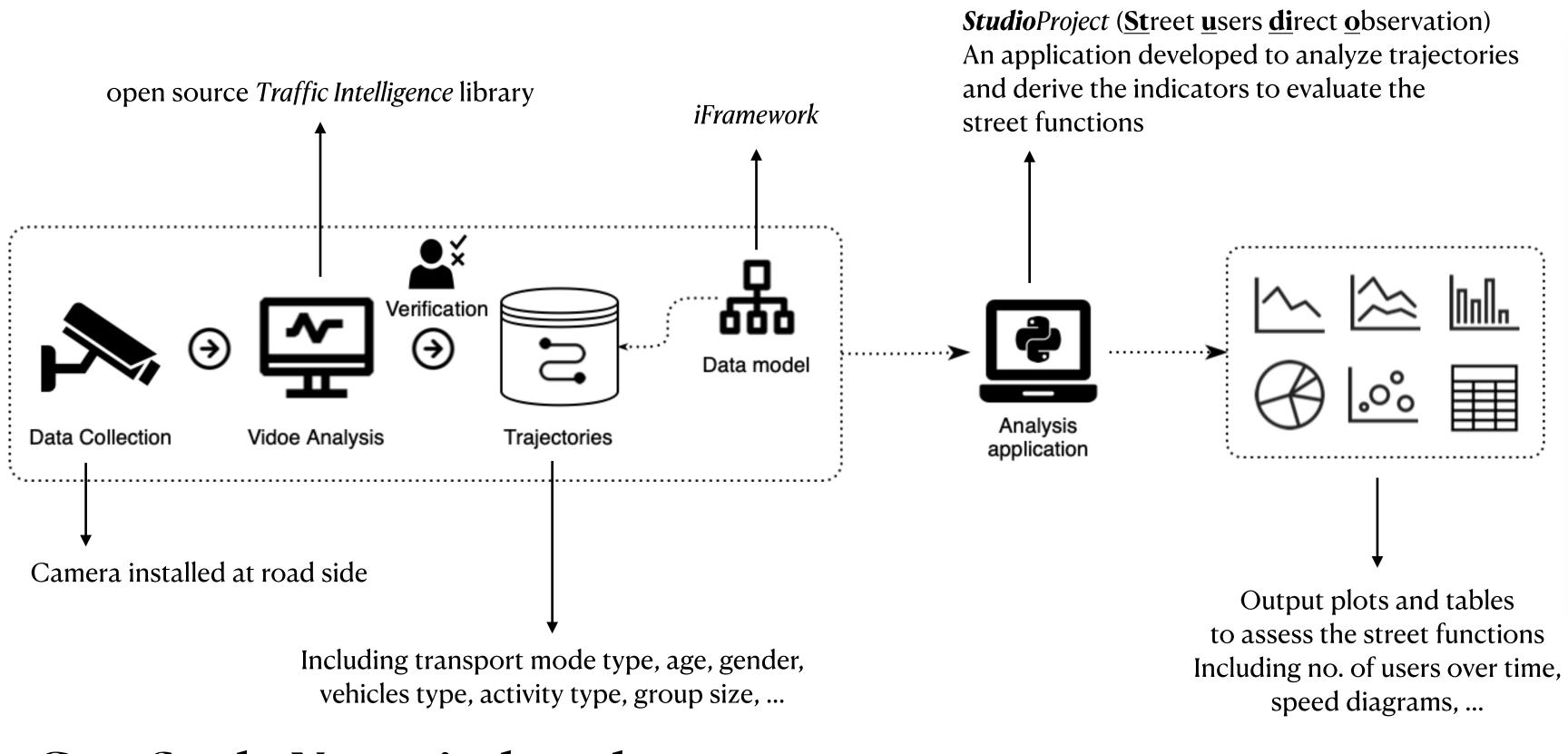
Abbas SheikhMohammadZadeh, Ph.D. Candidate, Email: abbas.sheikh-mohammad-zadeh@polymtl.ca Supervisors: Nicolas Saunier, Owen Waygood Civil, Geological and Mining Engineering Department, Polytechnique Montréal



Generic list of indicators related to each street function

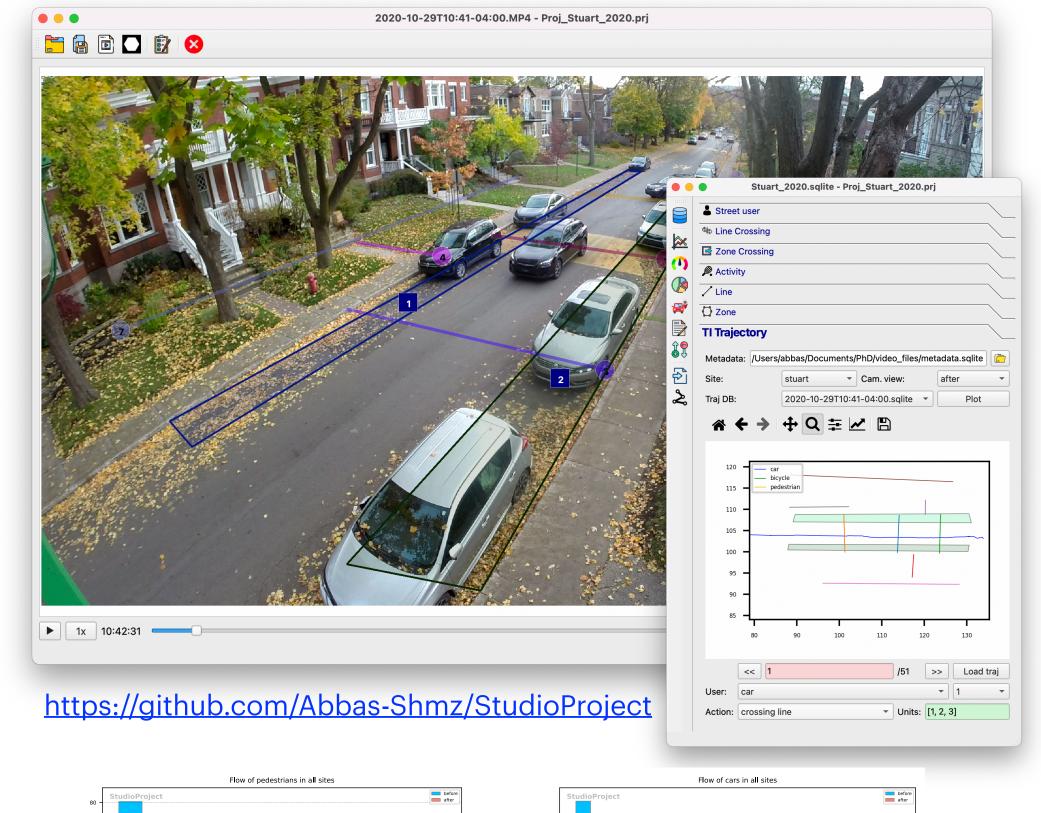
Functions	Physical Quantities	Spatial Units	
Transit	Number of persons	Screenline	
	Number of persons	OD	
	Instantaneous speed of a person	Screenline	
	Travel time of a person	OD	
	Delay of a person	OD	
	Number of stopped persons	Zone	
	Stop duration for a person	Zone	
	Number of transport mode changes	Zone	
Access	Number of persons entering a given destination	Screenline	
Place	Number of persons doing a given activity	Zone	
	Duration of a given activity for a person	Zone	

Data collection and Analysis Methodology

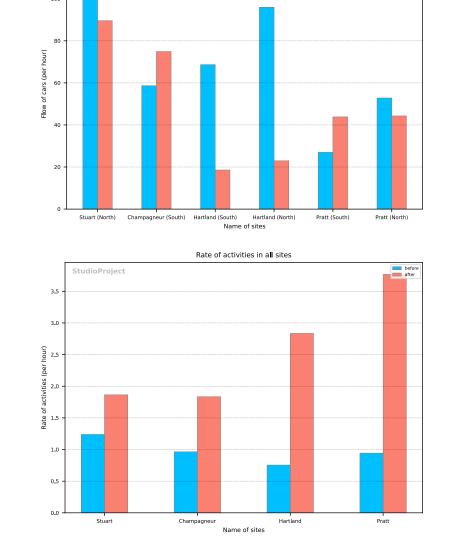


StudioProject Application

OD: origin-destination



Flow of cyclings in all sites Studio Project Champagneur And Champagneur Champagneur Martland Pratt Pratt



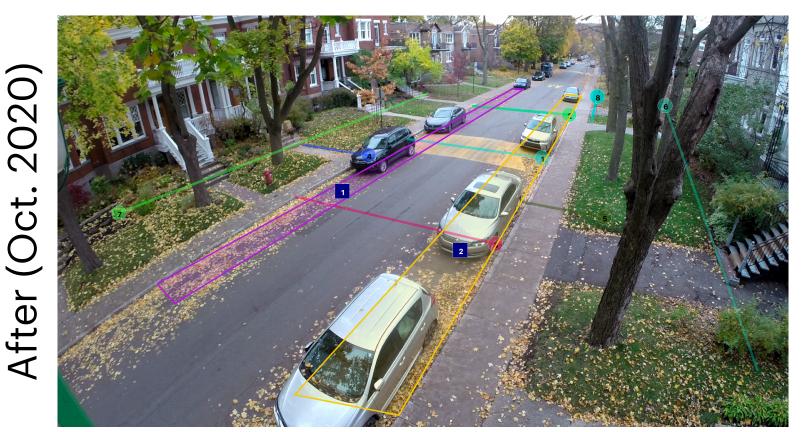
Relative variation of the indicators with respect to the before situation (2019)

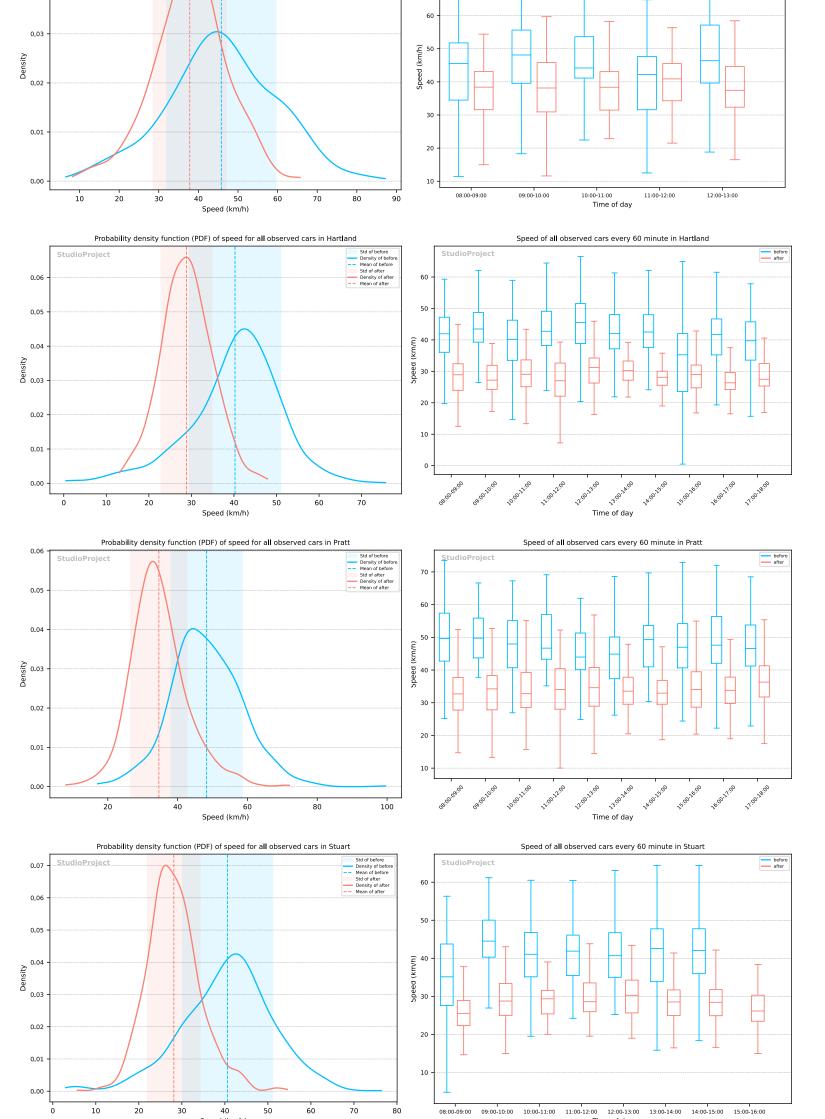
Site	# Vehicles	# Pedestrians	# Cyclists	# Activities	Speed
Hartland	-74%	17%	-39%	262%	-29%
Pratt	10%	98%	-28%	310%	-29%
Champagneur	30%	11%	42%	71%	-17%
Stuart	-22%	-20%	-25%	143%	-29%

Case Study: Numerical results

Evaluating the effect of installed speed bumps on four residential streets in Montreal, by analyzing about 80 hours of video data collected before and after the speed bump installation.







Conclusion

The results of these sites show how street use changes over time and possible tradeoffs between uses, e.g., transit and place, even if it is difficult to attribute the changes to the possible factors. The direct user observation revealed different changes such as changes in vehicular flow and speed, but also increases in activities in these sites. Such information will help transportation agencies and urban planners to manage streets/public spaces so that they fulfill their expected functions while minimizing the negative impacts.